Title:
The Last of the Lucky /
You Can't Always Get What You Want

Author: Klara Källström & Thobias Fäldt Johannes Wahlström Design: 1:2:3 Format / Pages: 297 × 417mm / 64 & 148 × 220mm / 120



In the spring of 2014, Klara Källström and Thobias Fäldt travelled from the US to Cuba in the spirit of visiting the country before it would change. They had brought along analogue camera film that they feared was damaged by the x-rays of the security controls, so they went searching for new film. In the streets of Havana, they accidentally ran into one of Fidel Castro's former private photographers. He took them to a camera shop, where despite the general lack of photographic equipment in the city, there were three rolls of film bearing the inscription "Lucky". The salesman handed over the rolls and said: "These are the last rolls of Cuba.". The expiry date on the unexposed "Lucky"-rolls was marked to 1994. They were sent to Cuba from the Soviet Union as part of the former Soviet-Cuba trade agreements that subsequently ended in the 1990s.

After the collapse of the Soviet Union, the leadership of the United States came to believe that Cuban socialism would wither away on its own, and that all that was needed was a little push in the right direction.

The Last of the Lucky / You Can't Always Get What You Want
Photographs by Klara Källström & Thobias Fäldt
Text and research by Joahnnes Wahlström

Design by 1:2:3
64 pages with 32 color plates
& 120 pages with 101 Tweets
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& 14.8 x 22 cm / 5.8 x 8.6 in
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Therefore, the "Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity Act" was adopted by President Bill Clinton in March of 1996. This new approach to regime change provided the United States government with a legal and economic framework to bring about democracy and market economy in Cuba.

In 2008 the US Department of State notified Congress that it would provide funds to the USAID for projects that "hasten the end of the Castro dictatorship". One of the most famous of these projects was the Twitter-like Cuban social network ZunZuneo which received its first funding in the summer of 2009 under Secretary of State Hillary Clinton. This and other similar projects continued to be funded during the rest of the tenure of Secretary Clinton with the proclaimed aim of "increasing the flow and access to accurate, independent, and uncensored information". The essence of these projects was to circumvent the Cuban state monopoly on information by supporting nongovernmental organizations and creating social networks for communication between citizens.

In March of 2016 US president Barack Obama visited Havana. He attended a free concert by the The Rolling Stones which featured the 1969 hit song "You Can't Always Get What You Want". It was, some were convinced, the symbolic concert of change in the Americas.

Meanwhile, Bernie Sanders, a little-known senator from the state of Vermont in the United States took the lead over Hillary Clinton in opinion polls for the presidential nomination to the governing US Democratic Party. At the same time the main candidate for the Republican Party, Jeb Bush seemed to be losing the nomination against the realestate tycoon Donald Trump, known for promoting US financial protectionism and political isolationism.

With cruise liners once again mooring the Havana harbor, US artists gearing up for further concerts, and US airlines taking flight reservations to the island, there seemed to be much anticipated change on the horizon for Cuba. However, radical change was happening in the US. In the spring of 2016, author turned screenshot photographer, Johannes Wahlström set out to document the change manifesting itself in messages sent over Twitter leading up to the US presidential elections later that year.

Hillary Clinton supposedly supported a people-led social change in Cuba via a Twitter-like platform. At the same time, Twitter ultimately led to her loss of the presidency to Donald Trump – whose Twitter account was perhaps his most important tool in his presidential campaign.